

## Q2C31010C00F000

MSA 100GBase-LR QSFP28 Single Lambda Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 10km, LC, DOM, with FEC)

### Product Description

This MSA Compliant QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-LR throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is built to MSA standards and is uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that they will integrate into your network seamlessly. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Skylane's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

### Features:

- SFF-8665 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



### Applications:

- 100GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

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*For your product safety, please read the following information carefully before any manipulation of the transceiver:*



#### ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883G, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module.



#### LASER SAFETY

This is a Class1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:2007. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

*The optical ports of the module need to be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug in order to avoid contamination.*

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Top	0		70	°C
Operating Humidity (non-condensing)	RH	5		85	%
Damage Threshold	THd	5.5			dBm

## Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	TOP	0		70	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Electrical Data Rate, each Lane (NRZ)			25.78125		Gb/s	
Optical Data Rate (PAM4)			53.125		GBd	
Data Rate Accuracy		-100		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$2.4 \times 10^{-4}$		
Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$1 \times 10^{-12}$		1
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Link Distance with G.652	D	0.002		10	km	2

### Notes:

1. FEC feature is embedded in the module.
2. FEC required to be turned on to support maximum transmission distance.

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Test Point	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Consumption				4.0	W	
Supply Current	I <sub>cc</sub>			1.36	A	
Transmitter (each Lane)						
Overload Differential Voltage <sub>pk-pk</sub>	TP1a	900			mV	
Common Mode Voltage(V <sub>cm</sub> )	TP1	-350		2850	mV	1
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP1			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss(SDD11)	TP1			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential Conversion and Differential to Common Mode Conversion (SDC11, SCD11)	TP1			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-20	dB	
Stressed Input Test	TP1a	See CEI-28G-VSR Section 13.3.11.2.1				
Receiver (each Lane)						
Differential Voltage, pk-pk	TP4			900	mV	
Common Mode Voltage(V <sub>cm</sub> )	TP4	-350		2850	mV	1
Common Mode Noise, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP4			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss(SDD22)	TP4			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential Conversion and Differential to Common Mode Conversion (SDC22, SCD22)	TP4			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-21	dB	
Common Mode Return Loss(SCC22)	TP4			-2	dB	2
Transition Time, 20 to 80%	TP4	9.5			ps	
Vertical Eye Closure (VEC)	TP4			5.5	dB	
Eye Width at 10 <sup>-15</sup> probability(EW15)	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height at 10 <sup>-15</sup> probability (EH15)	TP4	228			mV	

### Notes:

1. V<sub>cm</sub> is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.
2. From 250MHz to 30GHz.

## Optical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
Center Wavelength		$\lambda_t$	1304.5		1317.5	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio		SMSR	30			dB	
Average Launch Power		PAVG	-1.4		4.5	dBm	1
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA <sub>outer</sub> )		POMA	0.7		4.7	dBm	2
Launch Power in OMA <sub>outer</sub> minus TDECQ	for ER $\geq 4.5$ dB		-0.7			dBm	
	for ER $< 4.5$ dB		-0.6			dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4		TDECQ			3.4	dB	
TDECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Ceq})$					3.4	dB	3
Extinction Ratio		ER	3.5			dB	
RIN <sub>15.6</sub> OMA		RIN			-136	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance		TOL			15.6	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance		RT			-26	dB	
Transmitter Transition Time					17	ps	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter		Poff			-15	dBm	
Receiver							
Center Wavelength		$\lambda_r$	1304.5		1317.5	nm	
Damage Threshold		THd	5.5			dBm	4
Average Receive Power			-7.7		4.5	dBm	5
Receive Power (OMA <sub>outer</sub> )					4.7	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> )		SEN			Equation (1)	dBm	6
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> )		SRS			-4.1	dBm	7
Receiver Reflectance		RR			-26	dB	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-15			dBm	
LOS Deassert		LOSD			-10.7	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		LOSH	0.5			dB	
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test							
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ)				3.4		dB	
SECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Ceq})$					3.4	dB	

### Notes:

1. Average launch power, each lane min is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
2. Even if the TDECQ  $< 1.4$ dB for an extinction ratio of  $\geq 4.5$ dB or TDECQ  $< 1.3$ dB for an extinction ratio of  $< 4.5$ dB, the OMA<sub>outer</sub> (min) must exceed the minimum value specified here.

3.  $C_{eq}$  is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.
4. Average receive power (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
6. Receiver sensitivity ( $OMA_{outer}$ ) (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB. It should meet Equation (1), which is illustrated in the figure in note 8.

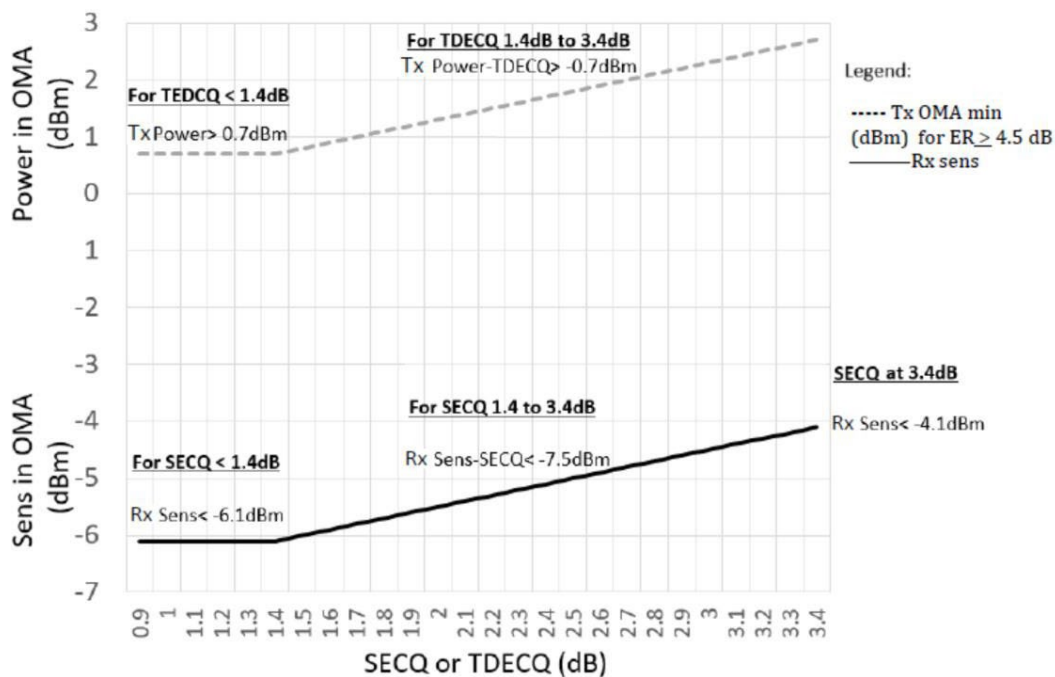
$$RRRR = \max(-6.1, RRSSSSS - 7.5) \quad (1)$$

Where:

RS is the receiver sensitivity, and

SECQ is the SECQ of the transmitter used to measure the receiver sensitivity.

7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER equal to  $2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ .
8. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.



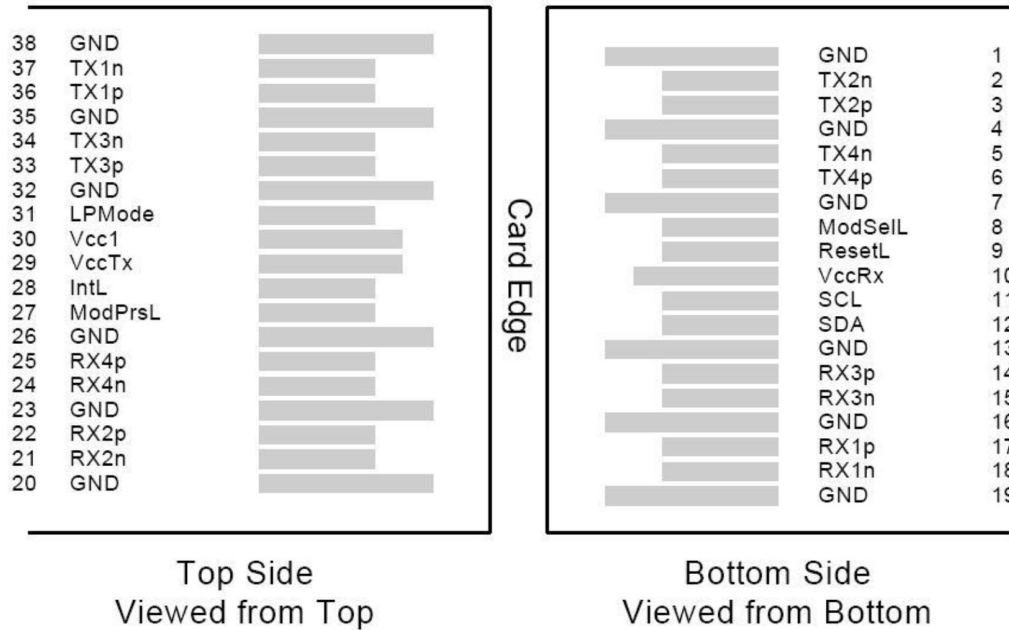
## Pin Descriptions

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Ref.
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
4		GND	Module Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select	2
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	2
10		VCCRx	+3.3v Receiver Power Supply	
11	LVC MOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock	2
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data	2
13		GND	Module Ground	1
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted data output	
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		GND	Module Ground	1
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output	
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output	
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board	2
29		VCCTx	+3.3v Transmitter Power Supply	
30		VCC1	+3.3v Power Supply	
31	LVTTL-I	LPMODE	Low Power Mode	2
32		GND	Module Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input	
35		GND	Module Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input	
38		GND	Module Ground	1

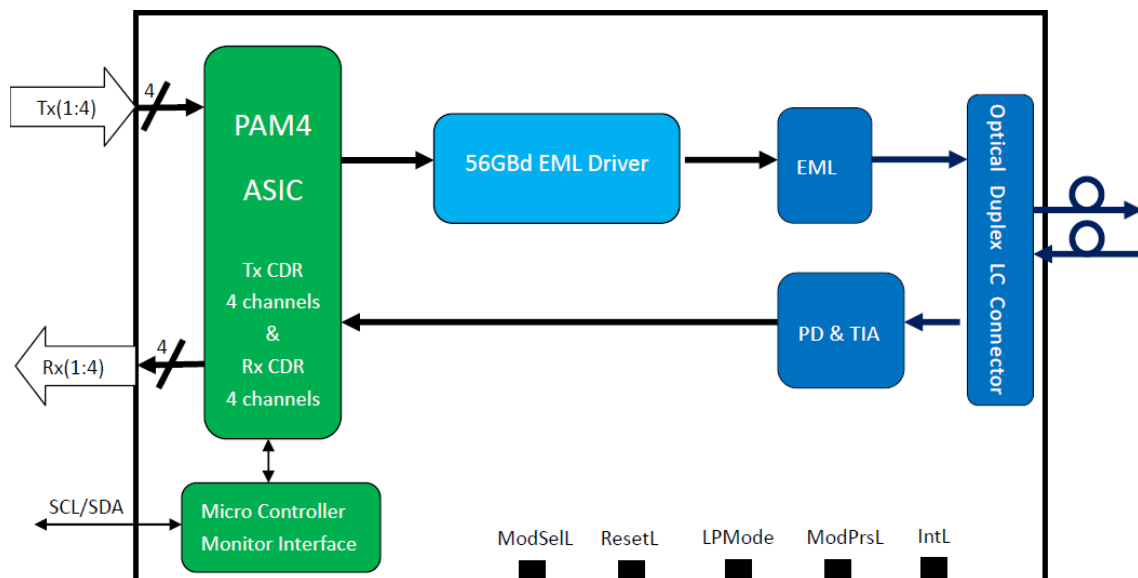
## Notes:

1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground with in the module.
2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k-10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.

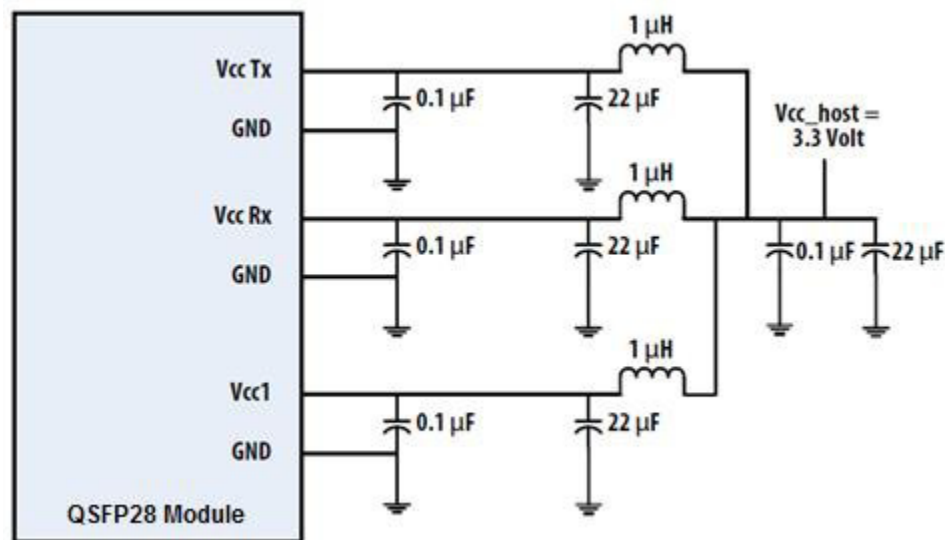
## Electrical Pin-out Details



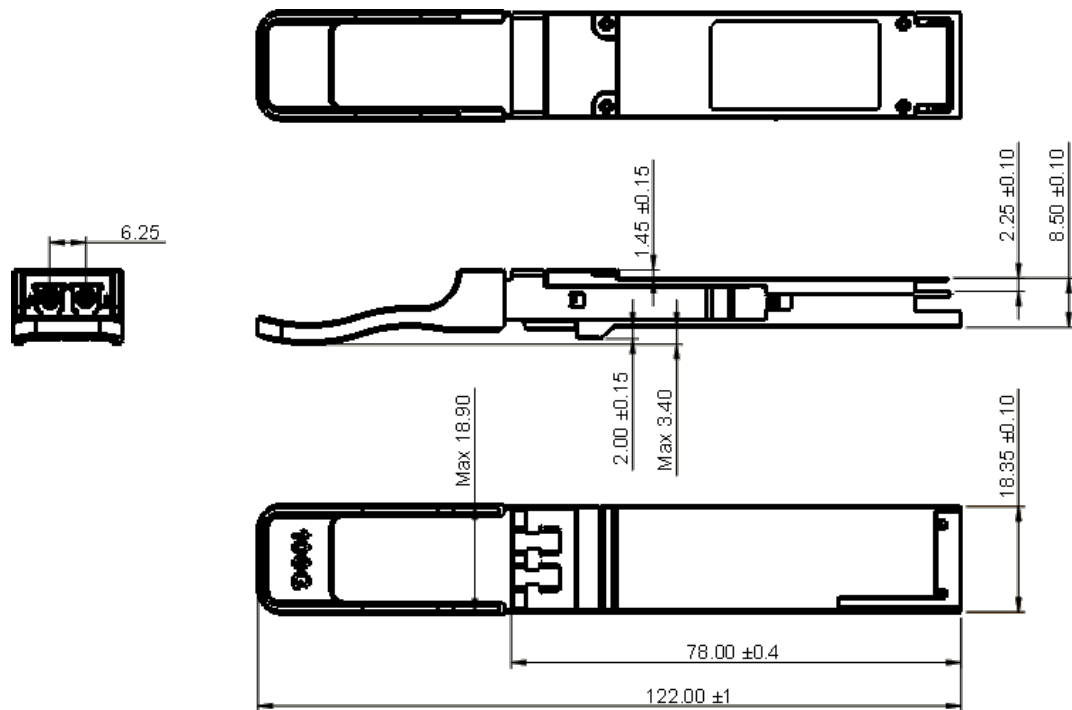
## Transceiver Block Diagram



Recommended Power Supply Filter



Mechanical Specifications





# About Skylane Optics

Skylane is a leading provider of transceivers for optical communication.

We offer an extensive portfolio for the enterprise, access, datacenter and metropolitan fiber optical market as well as for smart home applications and home networks.

We cover the European, South American and North American market with a strong partner network and have offices in Belgium, Brazil, Sweden and USA.

Our offerings are characterized by high quality and performance. In combination with our strong technical support, we enable our customers to build cost optimized network solutions.

We offer an extensive range of high-quality products including transceivers (Optical and copper), Active Optical Cable (AOC), Direct Attach Cable (DAC), Mux/Demux, Coding Box.

